Math 53 Discussion Problems Oct 15

- 1. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial v}$ when u = 0, v = 0, if $w = x^2 + \frac{y}{x}, x = u 2v + 1, y = 2u + v 2v$
- 2. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial u}$ when $u = \frac{1}{2}, v = 1$, if w = xy + yz + xz, x = u + v, y = u v, z = uv
- 3. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ when r = 1, s = -1, if $w = (x + y + z)^2, x = r s, y = \cos(r+s), z = \sin(r+s)$
- 4. Suppose that the equation F(x, y, z) = 0 implicitly defines each of the three variables x, y and z as functions of the other two. If F is differentiable and F_x, F_y and F_z are all nonzero, show that

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}\frac{\partial y}{\partial z} = -1$$

- 5. Find the derivative of f(x, y, z) = xy + yz + xz at the point (1, -1, 2) in the direction of $\langle 3, 6, -2 \rangle$.
- 6. Find the derivative of $f(x, y, z) = 3e^x \cos(yz)$ at the point (0, 0, 0) in the direction of $\langle 2, 1, -2 \rangle$.
- 7. Find the directions in which $f(x, y, z) = \frac{x}{y} yz$ increases and decreases most rapidly at the point (4, 1, 1). Then find the derivative of the function in these directions.